

Diemersdal Gets WWF Conservation Status

Diemersdal Wine Estate has become the latest WWF Conservation Champion. This is a select group of 50 South African wine farms who have met the programme's stringent requirements, thereby proving themselves to be leaders of nature conservation and sustainable wine production. Currently only 50 farms in the Cape meet these requirements, which are determined and managed by the World Wild Fund for Nature (WWF), the world's leading conservation organisation.

Farmers who are WWF Conservation Champions own some 45 000+ ha of land between them, of which 23 265 ha is conserved as a pristine part of the world-famous Cape Floral Kingdom comprising fynbos and Karoo succulent plants. The 50 members work closely with the WWF in their conservation endeavours and are subjected to annual audits to ensure they meet the specifications required of a Conservation Champion.

Diemersdal signed a 10 year biodiversity agreement with Cape Nature to establish a 16.8 hectare conservation area. This conservation area spans the Dorsberg, the most northern hill range within the Tygerberg cluster, within the city's bioregional plan, the Biodiversity Network. The vegetation type of the conservation area is Swartland Shale Renosterveld, which is currently the most threatened ecosystem in the country, having lost more than 90% of its original extent. For this reason Swartland Shale is classified as Critically Endangered Renosterveld, unlike true fynbos vegetation this typically has no Protea, Erica or Restio components and are associated with nutrient rich clay soilsAs a result, most of the vegetation type has been transformed for agriculture and only tiny, isolated islands remain, such as the very special one on Diemersdal.









Diemersdal Certification & Sustainability

WWF Conservation Champion

Diemersdal Wine Estate became a WWF Conservation Champion in 2021. This is a select group of 50 South African wine farms who have met the programme's stringent requirements, thereby proving themselves to be leaders of nature conservation and sustainable wine production.

Diemersdal signed a 10 year biodiversity agreement with Cape Nature to establish a 16.8 hectare conservation area. This conservation area spans the Dorsberg, the most northern hill range within the Tygerberg cluster, within the city's bioregional plan, the Biodiversity Network.

Dryland

All vineyards are unirrigated. Dryland farming is key to Durbanville wine quality resulting in more established, firmer root structure, better fruit character, more varietal expression.

IPW

Integrated production of wine complies with international wine industry environmental sustainability criteria.

BRCGS

The BRCGS provide a framework to manage product safety, integrity, legality, quality, and the operational controls in the food, food ingredient, manufacturing, processing and packaging industries.

• WIETA

Multi-stakeholder, non-profit, voluntary organisation which actively promotes ethical trade in the wine industry value chain through training, technical assessment and audits to assess members' compliance with its code of good practice.

CVC

The Cape Vintner Classification (CVC) is an independent body committed to the accreditation, governance, representation and promotion of distinctive regional site specific Cape wines.



Food Safety

CERTIFICATED





